

## MONEY FOR FUTURE TEACHERS

Considering a teaching career? Look into these financial aid programs. Also check out [www.teachcalifornia.org](http://www.teachcalifornia.org).

<b>Cal Grant A and B extended benefits</b>	Provide an additional year of your Cal Grant award if you enroll in an approved teacher credential program.	<a href="http://www.calgrants.org">www.calgrants.org</a>
<b>New Federal TEACH Grants</b>	Provide \$4,000 a year for tuition if you qualify and plan to teach a high-need subject at a high-need school.	<a href="http://www.federalstudentaid.ed.gov">www.federalstudentaid.ed.gov</a>
<b>APLE, California's Assumption Program of Loans for Education</b>	Assumes up to \$11,000 of student loan debt in return for 4 years paid teaching service in a designated subject shortage area or at a designated school. Up to \$8,000 more if you teach math, science or special education at the lowest-performing schools.	<a href="http://www.calgrants.org">www.calgrants.org</a> <a href="http://www.csac.ca.gov">www.csac.ca.gov</a> see page 20
<b>Federal Loan Forgiveness for Teachers</b>	Forgives up to \$5,000 federal Stafford loan debt in return for 5 years of paid teaching service at a low-income school. Up to \$17,500 for highly qualified math, science or special education teachers.	<a href="http://www.federalstudentaid.ed.gov">www.federalstudentaid.ed.gov</a>
<b>Federal Perkins Loan Forgiveness</b>	Forgives part or all of a federal Perkins loan if you teach at a designated low-income public school, in a designated subject or to children with disabilities.	<a href="http://www.federalstudentaid.ed.gov">www.federalstudentaid.ed.gov</a>
<b>Federal Pell Grants</b>	May be used to attend a teacher credential program at a college that doesn't offer a bachelor's degree in education, even if you already have a bachelor's degree.	See your college financial aid office
<b>Teach for America</b>	Offers forbearance and interest payment benefits on qualified student loans, plus up to \$4,725 a year to repay loans, if you teach for 2 years at a disadvantaged school.	<a href="http://www.teachforamerica.org">www.teachforamerica.org</a>
<b>SNAPLE, California's State Nursing Assumption Program of Loans for Education</b>	Assumes student loan debt for nursing students who agree to teach at a California college or state facility.	<a href="http://www.csac.ca.gov">www.csac.ca.gov</a> see page 20

### Foster Youth

In addition to the California Chafee Grant outlined on page 20, some colleges offer their own tuition waivers and scholarships for foster youth. Also, look into the Guardian Scholars or Renaissance programs at a growing number of colleges that provide scholarships and other support to former foster youth. Check out [www.orangewoodfoundation.org/programs\\_scholars.asp](http://www.orangewoodfoundation.org/programs_scholars.asp). Learn more about many other scholarship programs available to foster youth at [www.calyouthconn.org](http://www.calyouthconn.org) (select "Legislation," then "Resources" on the left, then "Scholarship Info").

See the charts on pages 20 and 24 for more information about programs for foster youth.

### AB 540: In-State Tuition for Undocumented Students

If you're an undocumented or under-documented student, you may qualify for in-state tuition rates at UC, CSU and California Community College campuses. To qualify, you must have completed at least three years of high school in California and graduated from a California high school or received your GED in California, and signed an affidavit promising to start the process to legalize your residency as soon as you're eligible to do so (the affidavit will be kept by your college and remain confidential). For more information, ask your college's admissions office about in-state tuition rates for "AB 540" students. Download the College and Financial Aid Guide for AB 540 Undocumented Immigrant Students at [www.usc.edu/dept/chepa/pdf/AB\\_540\\_final.pdf](http://www.usc.edu/dept/chepa/pdf/AB_540_final.pdf).

If you filed an application for permanent residency at least one year before enrolling in college, you may already be eligible for in-state tuition rates and California state aid—contact your college's admissions office.

You can also get more information about scholarships which may not require legal permanent residency at [www.latinocollegedollars.org](http://www.latinocollegedollars.org). You may also want to approach friends, neighbors, family members, teachers, local businesses, and large companies to request financial support to pursue your education beyond high school.